

SAM Vulnerability Assessment: Final Results Adaptation Planning for a Wastewater Treatment Plant Using Compound Flood Analyses

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Not for Third-Party Distribution

Sewer Authority Mid-Coastside Facility (SAM)

- Screening study (Cozzolino 2022) used CoSMoS to assess vulnerabilities
- No FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map on Pilarcitos Creek
- > Historic flooding

- > Concern about sea level rise (SLR)
- Adaptation planning needs



Outline

> Scope of Work

- Conceptual and Numerical Model
- Flooding Response Scenarios
- Adaptation Strategies
- *Support for FEMA funds
- > Model Approach/ Calibration
- > Vulnerabilities
- > Adaptation



Conceptual Site Model



Fluvial Model – Delft Flow - FM

- > Pilarcitos Creek and Kehoe Watercourse Discharge
 - U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) gage on Pilarcitos Creek
 - 37 year December 31, 2022
 - 100-year storm–Derived from USGS data
 - 500-year storm–Derived from USGS data
 - Roughness from vegetation data





New Year's Eve 2022 Storm





Flood depths up to 2 feet on the facility and 6 feet in the basement

New Year's Eve 2022 Storm







Facility Flooding

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Dec. 31- Observed and Modeled conditions

Coastal Models – Xbeach and Modified Bruun

- > Ocean Conditions
 - January 5, 2023, storm induced setup
 - SF >59 feet at 16 sec
 - 10 feet of additional water (setup) above king tide
 - Sea level rise 1 to 7 feet







Dune Erosion Evolved DEM

- > Modeled dune erosion for each 1' of sea level rise
- > With 4' of sea level rise, Pilarcitos outlet channel relocates in front of the facility
- > Adds a compound flood or coastal confluence flood risk



Dune Erosion Tipping Points

- > <2 feet of dune erosion impacts outfall release valve and access vault
 - Outfall pressure release vent allows outflow to not back up during high tides
 - Failure would be potential pipe rupture, with discharge of treated effluent on beach
- > 4 feet of dune erosion from sea level rise changes mouth location



Adaptation Strategies

- > Protect Elevate existing earthen berms
- > Accommodate Elevate critical components
 - Vegetation management
 - Expand adjacent Caltrans wetland
- > Relocate or retreat

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SAM Plant Top of Berm Elevation Profile



Counter clockwise distance along the top of the berm (ft) starting at the entrance gate

Adaptation–Increase Berm Elevation

- 100-year event >
- > Adaptation: Increase berm elevation +3 ft
- Similar to the > emergency repair
- Eliminates flooding in > facility

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Water Depth [#]

6

12

Water Depth [#]

Design Storm – 500-Year Event

- > Pre-emergency repair
- > 500-year discharge

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> Support FEMA grant application to examine relocating electrical building in collaboration with SRT Consultants



Design Storm – 500-Year event + SLR 4 Ft

> SLR evolved DEM

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- > 500-year discharge
- > Berm crest elevation of 27 ft
- Support FEMA grant application to examine relocating electrical building



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Results

- > Observed flooding had minimal impact from coastal processes
- > Post flood repairs provide flood protection for 100-year (1%) discharge
- > Dune erosion from <2 feet of SLR affects outfall pump station
- > Dune erosion from <4 feet of SLR relocates Creek outlet compound flood risks
- > Adaptation Berm increase to ~27 feet protect 4 feet SLR and 500-year event
 - Elevate critical facility components by 6+ feet or relocate to onsite location Vegetation management and wetland expansion for stormwater storage not helpful

Next Steps

- > Monitoring of groundwater, logbook of observations, and beach conditions including location of Pilarcitos Creek outlet
- > Survey of elevations and geotechnical evaluation of berm
- > Collaborate with City of Half Moon Bay on wetland modification, stormwater management and FEMA insurance classifications.
- Cost estimation of adaptation strategies to support planning efforts
 Engineering designs for relocation and berm elevation

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Flow return periods

Return period (Years)	Discharge (cfs)
5	1,185
10	1,508
25	1,916
50	2,218
100	2,519
200	2,818
500	3,212

Flood depths according to model output

